



**INDIAN SCHOOL MUSCAT
MIDDLE SECTION
FIRST TERM EXAMINATION 2018-19**

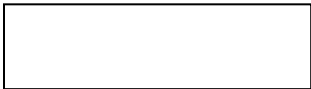



SUBJECT – MATHEMATICS – ANSWER KEY

SECTION A

<u>SECTION A</u>	
Qns.	
1(a)	The composite numbers between 20 and 30 are <u>21,22,24,25,26,27,28,</u>
1(b)	If Dividend = 3697, divisor = 100,then Quotient = <u>36</u> and Remainder = <u>97</u>
1(c)	The lowest form of $\frac{7}{28}$ is <u>$\frac{1}{4}$</u>
1(d)	The successor of 5 16 019 is <u>5 16 020</u>
1(e)	$7\ 63\ 958 + 2\ 48\ 164 = 2\ 48\ 164 +$ <u>$7\ 63\ 958$</u>
MATCH THE FOLLOWING	
COLUMN A	
COLUMN B	
1(f)	Product of 5389 and 100 = _____ (iii) 538900
1(g)	Roman numeral for 72 is _____ (iv) LXXII
1(h)	Measure of a Straight angle = _____ (v) 180°
1(i)	HCF of 5 and 11 is _____ (ii) 1
1(j)	Measure of an acute angle is (i) 24°

S.NO	SECTION – B (Q.NO. 2 TO 6) (‘2’ MARKS EACH)
2	Write four equivalent fractions for $\frac{3}{5}$ $\frac{6}{10}$ $\frac{9}{15}$ $\frac{12}{20}$ $\frac{15}{25}$
3	<p><i>Rachel sold her camera for ₹2980.50 and made a profit of ₹150.50. At what price she had bought the camera?</i></p> <p>Selling Price = ₹2980.50 Profit = ₹150.50</p> <p>Cost Price = S.P – Profit</p> $\begin{array}{r} ₹\ 2\ 9\ 8\ 0.50 \\ - ₹\ 1\ 5\ 0.50 \\ \hline ₹\ 2\ 8\ 3\ 0.00 \end{array}$ <p><u>Ans:</u> Rachel bought the camera for ₹ 2 830</p>

4	<p>Identify the type of the following measures of angles:</p> <p>(a) 75° - Acute angle (b) 0° - Zero angle</p> <p>(c) 268° - Reflex angle (d) 360° - Complete angle</p>
5	<p>The product of two numbers is 3556. If one of them is 14 find the other number?</p> <p>Other number = Product \div One number $= 3556 \div 14$</p> $ \begin{array}{r} 0254 \\ 14 \overline{) 3556} \\ \underline{- 28} \\ 75 \\ \underline{- 70} \\ 56 \\ \underline{- 56} \\ 0 \end{array} $
6	<p>Find the first two common multiples of 6 and 9?</p> <p>Multiples of 6: 6, 12, 18, 24, 30,</p> <p>Multiples of 9: 9, 18, 27,</p> <p>First Common Multiple: 18</p> <p>Ans: First four common multiples are $18 \times 1 = 18$; $18 \times 2 = 36$</p>
S.NO	SECTION – C (Q.NO. 7 TO 14) ('3' MARKS EACH)
7.	<p>Check if the fractions are equivalent: $\frac{20}{25}$ and $\frac{16}{100}$</p> <p>$\frac{20}{25}$; $\frac{16}{100}$</p> <p>$20 \times 100 = 2000$ $25 \times 16 = 400$ $2000 \neq 400$</p> <p>Ans: No. $\frac{20}{25}$ and $\frac{16}{100}$ are not equivalent.</p>
8.	<p>Insert commas and write the number name of 74065394 in Indian system and International system of numeration.</p> <p>Indian system of numeration: 7,40,65,394 Seven crore forty lakh sixty five thousand three hundred ninety four</p> <p>International system of numeration: 74,065,394 Seventy four million sixty five thousand three hundred ninety four</p>
9.	<p>Find the number of angles and identify its type in the following shapes:</p> <p>a)  b) </p> <p>a) Number of angles: 4 ; Type of the angles: Right angle</p> <p>b) Number of angles: 3 ; Type of the angles: Acute angle</p>

	<p>1 basket = 2198 flowers 125 baskets = 125 x 2198</p> <div><div>2198</div><div>X 125</div><div>10990</div><div>43960</div><div>+ 219800</div><div>274750</div></div> <p>Ans: Total number of flowers in 125 baskets = 2,74,750</p>																				
17.	<p>a) Write the smallest and greatest 5-digit number using the digits 7, 4, 0, 2, 8 Tth Th H T O Smallest 5-digit number: 2 0, 4 7 8 Biggest 5-digit number: 8 7, 4 2 0</p> <p>b) Round off 9547 to the nearest 100. Ans: 9,500</p> <p>c) Write the expanded form of 8 19 547 Expanded form: 8 00 000 + 10 000 + 9 000 + 500 + 40 + 7</p>																				
18.	<p>Find the smallest number which is exactly divisible by 15, 20, 30</p> <p>The smallest number which is exactly divisible by 15, 20 and 30 is the LCM Of 15, 20 and 30</p> <table><tr><td>2</td><td>15 ,</td><td>20,</td><td>30</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>15,</td><td>10,</td><td>15</td></tr><tr><td>3</td><td>15,</td><td>05,</td><td>15</td></tr><tr><td>5</td><td>05,</td><td>05,</td><td>05</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td></tr></table> <p>LCM of 15, 20 and 30 = 2 x 2 x 3 x 5 = 60 The smallest number which is exactly divisible by 15, 20, 30 = 60</p>	2	15 ,	20,	30	2	15,	10,	15	3	15,	05,	15	5	05,	05,	05		1	1	1
2	15 ,	20,	30																		
2	15,	10,	15																		
3	15,	05,	15																		
5	05,	05,	05																		
	1	1	1																		
19.	<p>In an examination 70 381 boys and 42 954 girls appeared.</p> <p>a) How many students appeared in all for the examination? b) How many more boys appeared for the examination than the girls?</p> <p>a) Identification : Addition Boys = 70 381 Girls = + 42 954 Total = 113 335 Ans: 113 335 students appeared for the examination</p> <p>b) Identification: Subtraction Boys = 70 381 Girls = - 42 954 27 427 Ans: 27 427 more boys appeared for the examination.</p>																				
20.	<p>594 toffees are packed in 11 packets. Find the number of toffees packed in 16 such packets?</p> <p>Step 1: 11 packets = 594 toffees 1 packet = 594 ÷ 11 = 54 toffees</p> <p>Step 2: 1 packet = 54 toffees 16 packets = 16 x 54</p> <div><div>54</div><div>X 16</div><div>324</div><div>+ 540</div><div>864</div></div> <p>Ans: 864 toffees</p>																				

21.	Reduce the fraction $\frac{48}{92}$ to the lowest term by dividing the numerator and denominator by their HCF
	<p>HCF OF 48 and 92</p> $ \begin{array}{r} 48 \overline{) 92} (1 \\ \underline{- 48} \\ 44 \overline{) 48} (1 \\ \underline{- 44} \\ 4 \overline{) 44} (11 \\ \underline{- 44} \\ 0 \end{array} $ <p style="text-align: right;">HCF = 4</p>
	$\frac{48}{92} \div \frac{4}{4} = \frac{12}{23}$ Lowest term of $\frac{48}{92} = \frac{12}{23}$
22.	Find the HCF of 12, 18 and 72
	<p>Step 1: HCF Of 12 and 18</p> $ \begin{array}{r} 12 \overline{) 18} (1 \\ \underline{- 12} \\ 06 \overline{) 12} (2 \\ \underline{- 12} \\ 0 \end{array} $ <p style="text-align: right;">HCF Of 12 and 18 = 6</p>
	<p>Step 2: HCF of 6 and 72</p> $ \begin{array}{r} 6 \overline{) 72} (12 \\ \underline{- 72} \\ 00 \end{array} $ <p style="text-align: right;">HCF = 6</p> <p>Ans: HCF OF 12, 18 and 72 = 6</p>
23.	Ram bought a car for ₹ 2 00 600 and paid ₹ 3 000 for repairing it. Then he sold it for ₹ 5 00 500. Find his profit or loss?
	<p>Cost price of the car = ₹ 2 00 600</p> <p>Over heads = ₹ 3 000</p> <p>Selling price = ₹ 5 00 500</p>
	<p>Total Cost Price = C.P + Overheads</p> $ \begin{array}{r} ₹ 2 00 600 \\ + ₹ 3 000 \\ \hline ₹ 2 03 600 \end{array} $
	<p>Total Cost Price is less than Selling Price → Profit</p> <p>Profit = S.P – Total C.P</p> $ \begin{array}{r} ₹ 5 00 500 \\ - ₹ 2 03 600 \\ \hline ₹ 2 96 900 \end{array} $
	Ans: Ram made a profit of ₹ 2 96 900